(Informal Joint) Cabinet



Forest Heath District Council

Title of Report:	Local Council Tax Reduction Scheme and Council Tax Technical Changes 2016/2017	
Report No:	CAB/FH/15/059	
Report to and dates:	(Informal Joint) Cabinet	24 November 2015
	Council	9 December 2015
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Purpose of report:	This report also sets out recommendations for Members on the 2016/17 Local Council Tax Reduction Scheme (LCTRS) and technical changes levels from 1 April 2016.	
Recommendation:	It is <u>RECOMMENDED</u> that Cabinet recommends to Council that no change be made to the current Local Council Tax Reduction Scheme or Council Tax Technical changes levels for 2016/2017.	
Key Decision: (Check the appropriate box and delete all those that <u>do not</u> apply.)	Is this a Key Decision and, if so, under which definition? Yes, it is a Key Decision - □ No, it is not a Key Decision - ⊠	

Consultation:	• As	detailed in the body of the report
Alternative option(s):	1	bking at the scheme in isolation,
		anging the current LCTR scheme is not
		uired from a financial perspective, as
	the	current schemes are operating
	effe	ectively, delivering a cost - neutral
	 position. Members could reduce the maximum level of discount under the LCTR scheme to generate additional revenue for the council to assist towards delivery of Council services as a result of the wider financial pressures. Providing a maximum of 90% discount (a reduction of 1.5% discount for working age claimants as the current scheme is 91.5%) would generate an additional £2,600 for Forest Heath (based on 9.6% share). Members could reduce the discount available for empty properties and uninhabitable properties to generate additional revenue for the council to assist towards delivery of Council services. Complete removal of the current discounts/exemptions around class A and C technical changes would generate £22,000 for Forest Heath (based on 9.6% share). 	
	These options are addressed in para 2.5 of the report	
Implications:		
Are there any financial implica	tions?	Yes 🛛 No 🗆
If yes, please give details		As outlined in the body of the
		report.
Are there any staffing implication	ions?	Yes 🗆 No 🖂
If yes, please give details		
Are there any ICT implications? yes, please give details	' 1†	Yes 🗆 No 🛛
Are there any legal and/or po	licy	Yes 🗵 No 🗆
implications? If yes, please give	2	As outlined in the body of the
details		report
Are there any equality implicat	ions?	Yes 🗆 No 🖂
<i>If yes, please give details</i>		 An equality impact assessment was undertaken as part of the development of the 2013/2014 scheme in 2012. As there are no changes to the LCTR scheme the equality impact assessment is unchanged.

Risk/opportunity	assessment:	(potential hazards or c corporate, service or p	
Risk area	Inherent level of risk (before controls)	Controls	Residual risk (after controls)
Reduction in collection rates Council Tax collection rates could decrease over the year, reducing the scheme revenues	High	ARP closely to monitor non-payment from working age claimants.	Medium
Demand. There is a risk of a higher demand on the LCTR Scheme.	High	ARP to closely monitor caseload. The major precepting authorities will share the financial risks associated with LCTRS. Representatives from Forest Heath and other Suffolk billing authorities and Suffolk County Council are continuing to work together to monitor the county-wide framework.	Medium
Ward(s) affected		All Wards	
Background pape	ers:	Extraordinary Cou	ncil (16 January
Background papers: (all background papers are to be published on the website and a link included)		Extraordinary Council (16 January 2013) – Local Council Tax Support 2013/2014 (Report No COU13/610; Appendix A; Appendix B) Extraordinary Council (16 January 2013) - Council Tax for Council Tax Base Setting Purposes 2013/2014 and Changes to the Level of Discounts and Exemptions in respect of Second Homes and some Empty Properties (Report No COU13/611; Appendix 1; Appendix 2) Council (11 December 2013) - Local Council Tax Reduction Scheme and Council Tax Technical Changes 2014/2015 (Report No COU13/654) Council Tax Reduction Scheme and Council Tax Technical Changes 2015/2016 (Report No COU/FH/14/006; Appendix A)	

Appendix A - New Policy Institute study - Impacts of Council Tax Support Reduction on Arrears, Collection rates and Court
 Administration costs from 2014.

1. Key issues and reasons for recommendation(s)

- 1.1 The government replaced Council Tax Benefit with a Localised Council Tax reduction Scheme (LCTRS) from 1st April 2013. This meant that Forest Heath had to decide upon a local means tested scheme to replace Council Tax Benefit.
- 1.2 The Government's aims in making this change were:
 - To transfer the system to local control; and
 - To reduce by 10% the amount of support paid to those finding it hard to pay council tax, in order to meet the Government's funding cut.
- 1.3 In creating a local scheme Forest Heath also aimed to:
 - Make provision to protect vulnerable people; and
 - Support work incentives for claimants created by the Government's wider welfare reform
- 1.4 At the same time Councils were given the discretion to increase council tax income; to charge up to 100% for some previously exempt properties, to charge up to 100% in respect of furnished empty properties (usually referred to as holiday homes), to charge up to 100% in respect of second homes and to charge up to 50% empty homes premium for properties that had been empty for over 2 years.
- 1.5 In offering these new powers to increase council tax income from empty properties the Government were seeking to influence owners to bring empty homes back in to use.
- Following consultation, the Council decided in 2013 to meet the cost of the 1.6 Government's 10% cut by requiring working age claimants to pay 8.5% more of the charge than previously; and changing council tax by the discounts/exemptions available to owners of second homes and empty properties as detailed in paragraph 1.8. Forest Heath protected War Pensioners (pensioners are protected by the government changes) from the reduction in maximum benefit and also removed Second Adult Rebate for working age claimants from our schemes.

1.8 Forest Heath also used their powers to increase council tax income as follo

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<u>Table 1</u>			
Discounts	2012/13	2013/14&2014/15	2015/16
Class A, empty, unfurnished and undergoing major repairs to render habitable	100% exemption for 12 months maximum	30% discount for a twelve month period	30% discount for a twelve month period
Class C, empty,	100% exemption	One month exemption	One month
substantially	for 6 months	only of 100%	exemption
unfurnished	maximum		only of 100%
Second homes	10% discount	5% discount	No discount
Empty homes premium		Pay 150%	Pay 150%
(property empty for			
more than 2 years)			

2. 2st Year Review 2014/15 - Behavioural and Administrative impacts

- 2.1 A number of customers receiving LCTRS had not had to pay any Council Tax in the past. Having to pay 8.5% of the council tax charge represented a significant cultural change and this led to a very large increase in calls to the offices and over the phone in 2013/14. In 2014/15 the number of customers querying bills and the issue of reminders and summons has reduced back to the type of levels we saw in 2012/13.
- 2.3 The council's aim was to achieve a balance in charging an amount of council tax to encourage working age claimants back in to work whilst setting the amount charged at an affordable and recoverable level.
- 2.4 By setting the amount payable on LCTRS at 8.5% of the charge, in most cases, where a customer is not paying we can effect recovery through attachment to benefit within a year and so the charge, with costs, is recoverable. If the amount payable was much higher than it is, it is likely that debt would not be recoverable and there would be a danger of creating a culture of non-payment of council tax.
- 2.5 National research shows that any further increase in the amount payable for working age LCTRS customers could increase administration costs and have a detrimental effect on collection rates, see appendix Impacts of Council Tax Support Reduction on Arrears, Collection rates and Court Administration costs from 2014 (New Policy Institute study).

3. 2nd Full year review 2014/15 – Financial Impacts

- 3.2 Council Tax accounts where there has been a period of LCTRS awarded show a collection rate of nearly 83.3%, compared with our target of 90% over the 2 year period. As expected, collection has partly relied upon a significant increase in arrangements to deduct Council Tax from DWP Benefits. For comparison purposes the in-year collection (non LCTRS) for 2014/15 was 96.97%.
- 3.3 Forest Heath have seen a reduction in LCTRS caseload of 7% compared to 2013/14 levels. A very small number of LCTRS customers have also received Housing Benefit reductions attributed to the Welfare Reform changes from April 2013, namely the Spare Room Subsidy Restriction and the Benefit Cap, with little demand for Exceptional Hardship payments which can be applied for using a specific application form available for this purpose.
- 3.4 In assessing the anticipated LCTRS expenditure for 2014/15 it was assumed that this would be at the 2013/14 level along with an assumption for bad debt was factored in to the budget. The actual 2014/15 LCTRS expenditure was therefore below budget due to the drop in overall caseload. Going forward we assume neutral changes to the caseload as, whilst unemployment continues to fall, a major employer reducing staff significantly, ceasing to trade or relocating is difficult to predict.
- 3.5 In respect of the technical changes for 2014/15, these were broadly in line with the expected costs/budget for the year and it is assumed this will continue throughout the current year 2015/16.

4. Financial and resource implications

- 4.1 Forest Heath continues to come under significant pressure from central government grant reductions. The Local Council Tax Support Grant received in 2013/2014 was a separately identifiable grant amount received as part of the council's grant settlement and therefore the Council was able to identify the amount that it had been reduced by (10%). However, it has been confirmed by the Department of Communities and Local Government that this amount will not be separately identifiable going forward. Forest Heath is anticipating up to a 24% reduction in our central government grant.
- 4.2 The recommended continuation of the current schemes covered by this report is intended to continue to deliver a 'cost neutral scheme' against the original 10% government grant reduction. This is order to maintain collection rates and avoid additional administrative costs. The impact of the 2016/17 24% reduction in central government grant is therefore required to be addressed elsewhere and will form part of the council's wider Medium Term Financial Strategy review and 2016/17 budget setting process.
- 4.3 As both the LCTR scheme and council tax technical changes are discount and exemption based, any proposed changes have a direct impact on the Council's Tax Base for Council Tax setting purposes. The proposals below at section 5 and 6 will therefore for feed into the Tax Base setting process during the autumn.

5. **Proposals for 2016/17 LCTR scheme**

5.1 Based on the overall findings of the second year review outlined above in sections 2 and 3 the recommendation is to continue the LCTR scheme in its current form, including applying the current 2015/16 level of applicable amounts # within the LCTRS, for 2016/17.

(#An applicable amount is the amount that the government says that a family needs to live on each week. When your applicable amount has been calculated it is then compared with your income to work out the council tax reduction entitlement for which you are eligible).

5.2 Due to the fact that the LCTRS is not changing this year there is no requirement to undertake specific consultation.

6. **Proposals for 2016/17 technical changes**

6.1 Based on the overall findings of the second year review outlined above in sections 2 and 3 the recommendation is to continue with the 2015/16 levels:

Table 2

Discounts/exemptions	2016/17
Class A, empty, unfurnished	30% discount
and undergoing major	for a twelve
repairs to render habitable	month period
(formally exempt Class A)	
Empty, substantially unfurnished properties	One month exemption
(formally exempt Class C)	only of 100%

Discounts/exemptions	2016/17
Second homes	No discount – charge 100%
Empty homes premium (property empty for more than 2 years)	Pay 150%

7. Legal and policy implications

- 7.1 The National Council Tax Reduction Scheme for Pensioners will be determined by Central Government whilst the Local Council Tax Reduction scheme for people of working age is determined by each local authority. The scheme may be altered each year, giving the Council the opportunity to take into consideration any local factors or budget constraints. Subsequent amendments may require further consultation and agreement.
- 7.2 The Council's Constitution gives the Head of Resources and Performance delegated power 'to manage the Revenues and Benefits function' including appointing officers of Anglia Revenues and Benefits Partnership (ARP) to carry out debt recovery and criminal prosecutions and for the administration of the Localised Council Tax Reduction Scheme (LCTRS).